Urban Design Brief Template

Submission Title Location



Prepared by: Company Name

Prepared for: Company Name/Site

City File Number:

Submission Number:

Submission Date:



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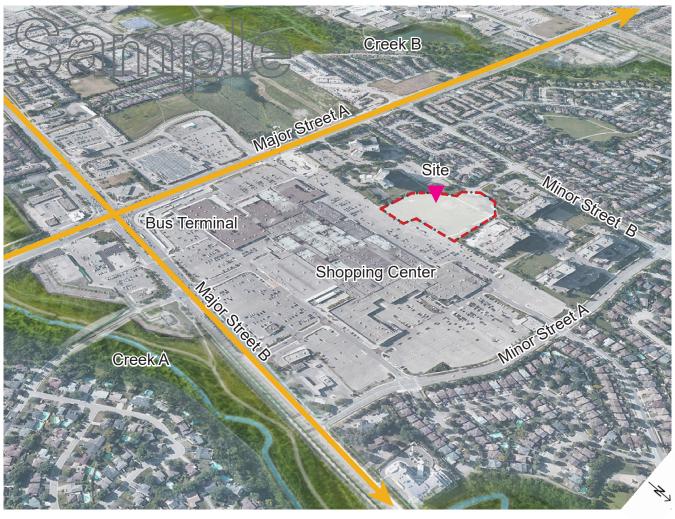
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1. Site Plan & Overview



- Briefly introduce the site location and surrounding context.
- Describe the goals and objectives.

Figure 1: Aerial of the Subject Site

Minor Street A LRT Station Xm Shopping Center Natural Feature LRT Terminal Bus Route Major Street A 400m Radius

Figure 2: Site Context Diagram



1.1 Context

The site context mapping needs to include at minimum the following:

- Size and arrangement of blocks
- Major street network
- Land use
- Active transportation network
- Distance to public transit
- Trails and cycling Infrastructure
- Open space networks
- Proximity to amenities
- Heritage properties and Natural features

Legend



1.2 Opportunities and Constraints Analysis

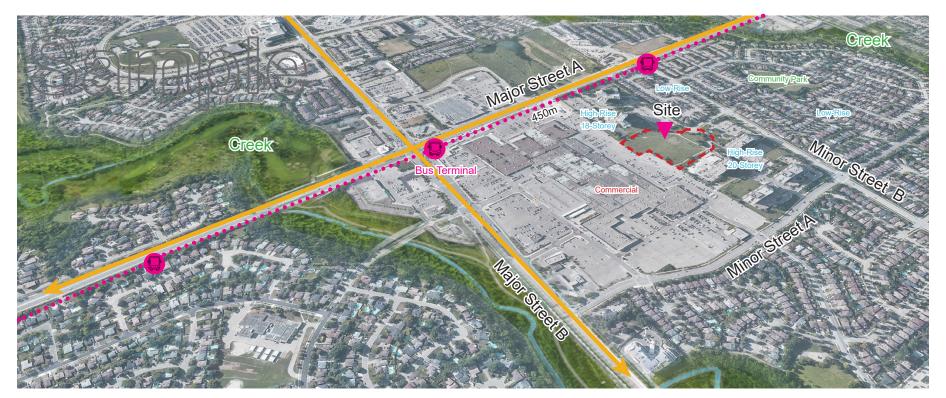


Figure 3: Opportunities and Constraints Diagram

Opportunities (Example):

Through the site analysis, list the development opportunities, examples as below:

- Potential for transit supportive development.
- Potential for high density development.
- · Potential pedestrian connectivity.
- Potential to utilize the existing retail, commercial and institutional infrastructure surrounding the site.

Constraints (Example):

Through the site analysis, list the development constraints, examples as below:

- Built form requires a transition with the adjacent low density residential.
- Architectural style of the built form should be conforming to the adjacent heritage building.

Sustainablity (Example):

Approximately 60% of the site area is devoted to the public realm, and most of the public realm are designed to be soft landscape. Tree planting and large green open spaces in the form of community parks will be provided to assist in the effective management of stormwater.

Extensive Greenroofs are designed to reproduce natural habitats and achieve an ecological community.

Accessibility (Example):

Pedestrian access and circulation are the first priorities of the site design. Streets on all sides of the site are provided with wide sidewalks, with direct connections to the proposal and adjacent building entrances.

Livability (Example):

The goal is to create a livable community hub to provide services to the surrounding communities. To achieve above goal, the network of smaller amenity spaces are anchored by larger, centralized amenity spaces within or at the roof top.

Safety (Example):

Separate vehicle and pedestrain circulation networks within the site to acheive safety walkability.

1.3 Development Vision and Design Principles

Briefly states Development Vision.

Briefly describe how the design proposal achieve Accessibility, Safety, Diversity, Livability, Health and Sustainability.

Provide diagram or rendering as required.



1.4 Site Plan Concept

Provide a Site Plan Concept showing at minimum the following:

- Ground floor plan with uses, entry/exit points
- Site access points
- Building setbacks to the property limit, stepbacks (if applicable)
- **Building separation** distances between all proposed and adjacent existing buildings
- Site Statistics

Legend

Combined Vehicular/ Pedestrian Site Entry



- XXX
- XXX
- XXX
- XXX
- 6 XXX

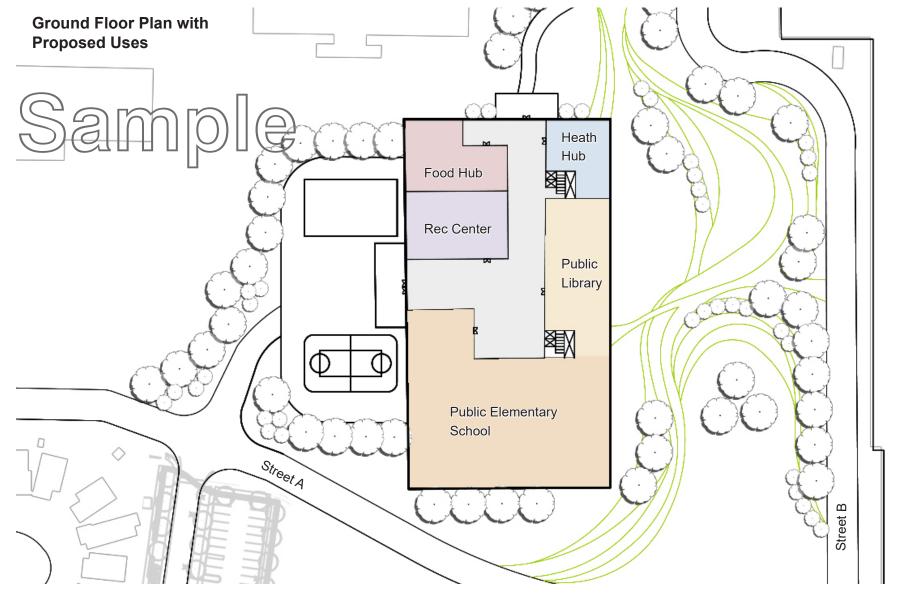
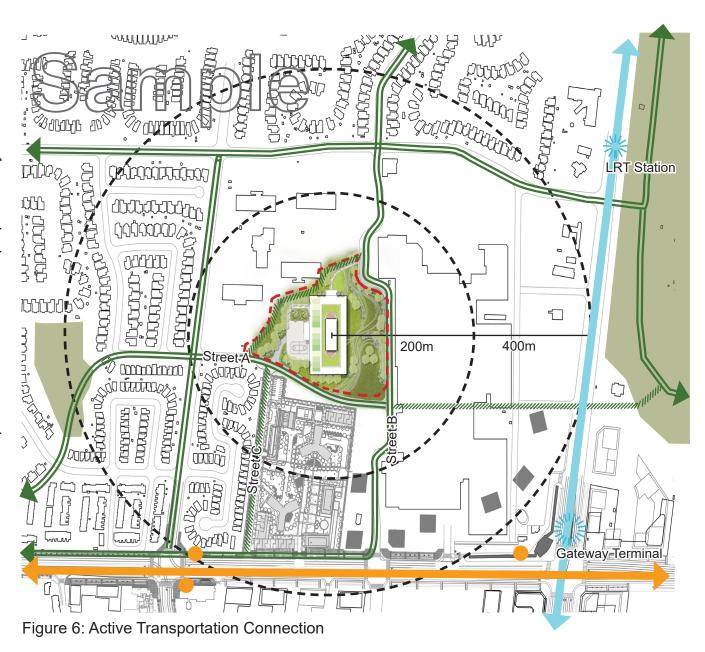


Figure 5: Ground Floor Plan with Proposed Uses

2. Public / Private Realm



2.1 Linkage, Connections and Circulation

2.1.1 Active Transportation

 Provide a map showing the subject lands, a 400 meter buffer from the boundaries of the subject lands, and any existing or planned cycling networks.

2.1.2 Transit

 Include a map that shows the 200 meter, 400 meter, and/or 800 meter radius and the existing or planned commuter rail, subway, light rail, and bus stops with frequent service.

Legend

Existing Bus Stop



Planned LRT Stop



LRT



Existing Cycling Network

www Planned Cycling Network

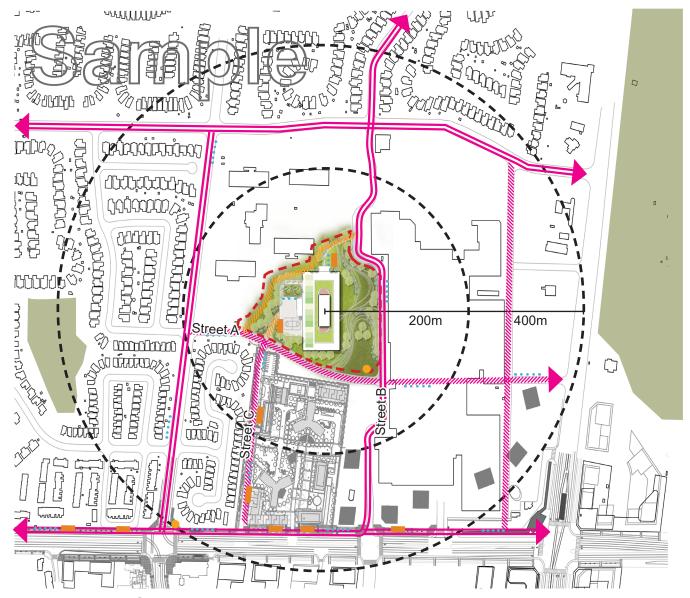


Figure 7: Transit Connection

2.1.3 Trails and Cycling Infrastructure

 Mapping existing and planned multi-use trails, bicycled infrastructures, and amenities for pedestrians and cyclists located in the proposed development.

Legend

Pedestrain & Cycling Maps
Siting Areas
Bike/Scooter Parking
Existing Multi-Use Trail
Planned Multi-Use Trail
Site Proposed Connections

Infrastructure and Amenities for Pedestrians and Cyclists Examples:



Figure 8: Trails and Cycling Infrastructure



2.1.4 Circulation Plan

Demonstrating vehicular and pedestrian circulation to the site

- Pedestrain Crossing
- Vechicle Circulation
- Pedestrain Circulation



2.2 Landscape Plan

Approximately 60% of the site area is devoted to the public realm, or XX hectares (XX acres) of publicly accessible walkways, plaza area, gardens, landscaping and street edges including the internal laneways.

Streetscape
Front Plaza

Pedestrain Link

Greenroof

Community Forest

Figure 10: Landscape Programming Plan

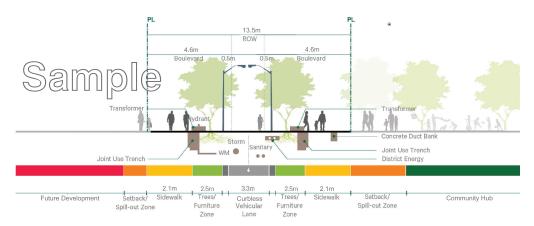


Figure 11: Streetscape Section



Enhanced Permeable Paving Material



Canopy Street Trees



Creative Street Furniture



Living Street

2.2 Landscape Plan

2.2.1 Streetscape

 State how streetscape design proposal accommodates cars, pedestrians, cyclists and public transit. Street shall provide landscape buffers, trees, pedestrian amenities, street furnitures, and way-finding.



Landscape Amenity



Outdoor Amenity



Ground Loading Area



Rooftop Amenity



Plaza Use in Winter



Layby Parking

2.2 Landscape Plan

2.2.2 Outdoor Amenity

 Indentify new proposed outdoor amenities and state how can they providing functionality throughout all 4 seasons.

2.2.3 Parking

- Mapping/Indentify car parking location, numbers both ground level and underground.
- Provision of Bicycle parking numbers, both covered and uncovered along with additional amenities provided.

2.2.4 Service Areas

Specify loading and garbage areas.

3. Built Form

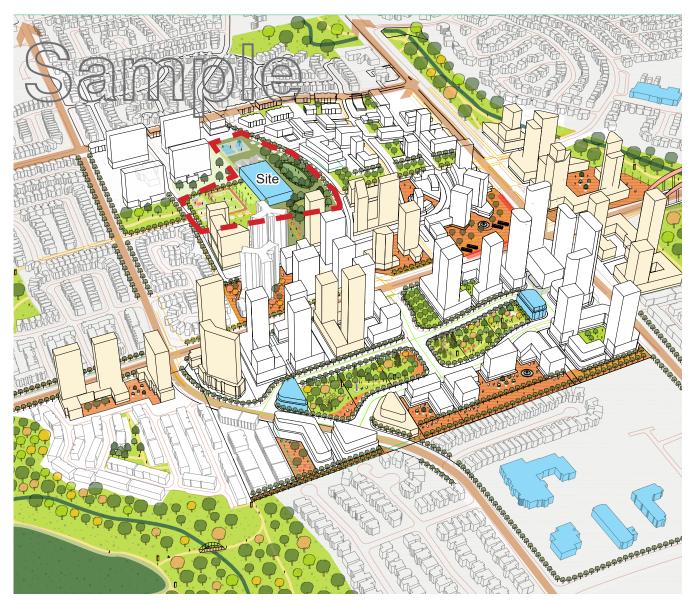


Figure 12: Built Form Massing 3D

3.1 Built Form

- State or graphically shows base and tower heights, ground floor uses, building setbacks, step backs and floor plate sizes.
- Provide at least one 3D Massing model view.
- If the development is High-Rise and adjacent to a Low-Rise neighborhood, need to provide Transition to adjacent uses and built form analysis and/or 45 degree Angular Plane analysis.

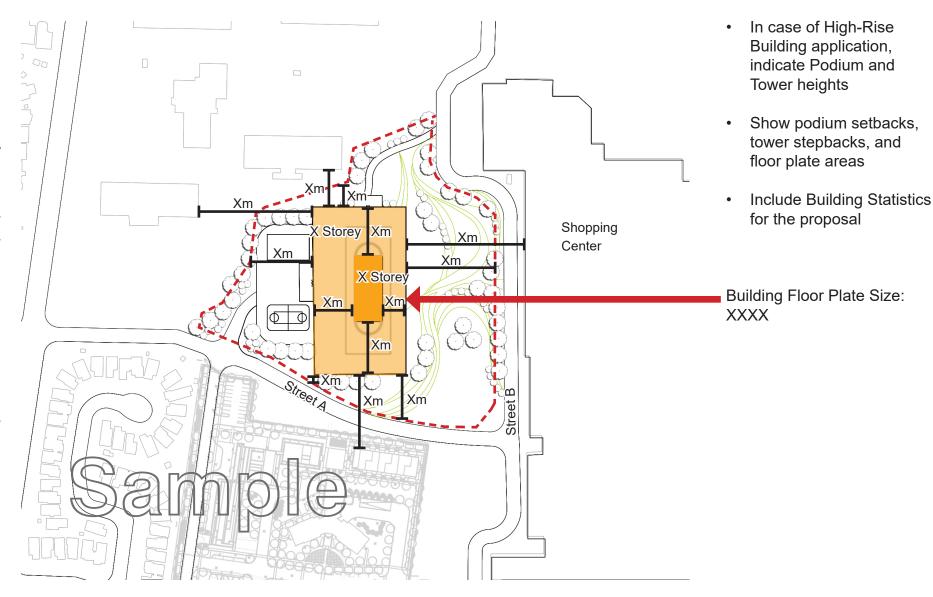


Figure 13: Built Form Setback, Stepback and Seperation

3.2 Elevation Drawings & Perspective Renderings/Views



Figure 14: Built Form Rendering/Perspective

4. Sustainability



Extensive Green Roof



Eco-Friendly Street



Permeable Paver



Landform as Natural Drainage



Bicycle and Pedestrain Connection



Livable Green Space with Canopy Trees

- What is the final score this project achieve on Sustainable New Communities Program? Does the design proposal achieve a minimum score (within the Bronze threshold)?
- Is the project applying for green building certification such as Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED)?
- What building and landscaping approaches or technologies are being used to reduce the building environmental impact?

5. Implementation

- 5.1 Recommended OPA / ZBL Policies
- 5.2 Residential Design Brief: Design Review and Approval Process (If Applicable)
 - Step 1: Orientation Meeting
 - Step 2: Preliminary Design Presentation Meeting
 - Step 3: Preliminary Review
 - Building Design
 - Submission to Design Control Architect
 - Exterior Building Material and Colour Schedule
 - Step 4: Final Approvals
 - Revisions to Approved Drawings
 - Site Reviews
- 5.3 Conform to the most updated City-wide Development Design Guidelines

6. Sun/Shadow and Wind Study

Placeholder for diagrams

6.1 Sun/Shadow Study

Refer to <u>Sun/Shadow Study Terms of Reference</u> – attached at the end of the Urban Design Brief Design Submission Terms of Reference.

6. Sun/Shadow and Wind Study

Placeholder for diagrams

6.2 Pedestrian Level Wind Study

Refer to <u>Wind Study Terms of Reference</u> for more details